

7221

M.Sc. IInd SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2019

MATHEMATICS

Paper – I

Algebra - II

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

PART – A (खण्ड – अ)

[Marks: 20]

Answer all questions (50 words each).

All questions carry equal marks.

सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 50 शब्दों से अधिक न हो।

सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

PART – B (खण्ड – ब)

[Marks: 40]

Answer five questions (250 words each),

selecting one from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.

प्रत्येक इकाई से एक-एक प्रश्न चुनते हुए, कुल पाँच प्रश्न कीजिए।

प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 250 शब्दों से अधिक न हो।

सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

PART – C (खण्ड – स)

[Marks: 20]

Answer any two questions (300 words each).

All questions carry equal marks.

कोई दो प्रश्न कीजिए। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर 300 शब्दों से अधिक न हो।

सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

PART – A

- Q.1 (i) Define prime and irreducible elements.
- (ii) Prove that the polynomial $x^2 + x + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}_2[x]$ is irreducible.
- (iii) Define Module.
- (iv) If A and B are sub modules of an R - module M, then A + B is also module of M.
- (v) Define Finitely Generated Modules.
- (vi) Explain Noetherian Module.
- (vii) Let F be a field with 5^{12} elements. Then find the total number of proper subfield of F.
- (viii) Define normal field extension.
- (ix) Explain automorphism of a field.
- (x) Define solvability by radicals.

PART – B

UNIT – I

- Q.2 Show that the ring Z of integers is a Euclidean ring.
- Q.3 If a and b are any non-zero elements of a Euclidean ring R, then-
- (i) b is a unit of R $\Rightarrow d(ab) = d(a)$
- (ii) b is not a unit of R $\Rightarrow d(ab) > d(a)$

UNIT – II

- Q.4 If M_1 and M_2 are two sub modules of an R – module M , then $M_1 \cap M_2$ is also a sub module of M .
- Q.5 If $f : M \rightarrow M'$, then show that f is an Epimorphism if and only if $\text{Im}(f) = M'$.

UNIT – III

- Q.6 If M is generated by $A = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\}$ and A is L.I., then $M = A_1 \oplus A_2 \oplus \dots \oplus A_n$, where A_i is a cyclic sub module generated by a_i .
- Q.7 Show that any finite abelian group is the direct product of cyclic groups.

UNIT – IV

- Q.8 Let K be a field extension of a field F . Show that an element a is algebraic over F iff $F(a)$ is a finite extension of F .
- Q.9 Prove that decomposition fields are algebraic extension.

UNIT – V

- Q.10 Let K be an extension of a field F , then the set $G(K, F)$ of all automorphisms of K which leave every elements of F fixed is a subgroup of the group $A(K)$ of all automorphisms of K .
- Q.11 The multiplicative group of a Galois field or finite field is cyclic.

PART – C

- Q.12 If a is non-zero non unit element of Euclidean ring R such that $a = p_1 p_2 \dots p_m = q_1 q_2 \dots q_n$ where each p_i and q_i is prime element of R . Then show that $m = n$ and p_i is an associate of some q_i and each q_i is an associate of some p_i .

Q.13 Let M be an R – module and A be any sub-module of M . let $t : M \rightarrow M'$ be a linear transformation on R – module M to M' and $P : M \rightarrow \frac{M}{A}$ be a natural morphism. If the Kernel of t contain A , then \exists a unique R – linear transformation $t' : \frac{M}{A} \rightarrow M'$ such that $t' \circ p \equiv t$.

Q.14 Let R be a Euclidean Ring, then any finitely generated R – module, M is the direct sum of a finite number of cyclic modules.

Q.15 A polynomial of degree n over a field can have at most n roots in any extension field.

Q.16 If K is normal extension of field of F of characteristic O . then \exists a one – to – one correspondence between the set of subfield of K which contain F and the set of subgroup of $G (K, F)$.
